



Crisis: Germany

NOTE TO ALL NUNO DELEGATES: *These are the character descriptions for all NUNO delegates. Each delegate is assigned to one of the 25 characters listed below. Each delegate must represent their character's belief regarding the current crisis during the committee, unless told otherwise by the head chair of their designated committee. Delegates will use the description of their characters to write a portion of their position paper and construct their opening speech(es) during conference. Delegates are only required to read their own character's description. Also, delegates should note that these characters completely are fictional, and any resemblance or similarities to any real life figure is strictly coincidental.*

IV. Character Profiles:

Lukaaz Hessla -

German army captain who hates that the war is going downhill and reject the idea that the other Central Power alliance members contributed to the war as much as the Germans. Lukaaz wants to fight and gain back all German lands from before the start of war. Gaining land at all cost is his primary goal and he will fight as long as possible to make sure Germany has sufficient territory acquired. Lukaaz without a doubt is a big believer in the ability of war to solve international quarries and is against the German armistice request, wanting instead to try to succeed in the war fight.

Adelmar Feinberg -

German expansionist who does not only want to reclaim German territory, but expand past its borders and claim territory east of Germany and all of the available resources in major cities such as Warsaw. Adelmar loves the idea of war and having her motherland of Deutchland possess more territorial power than ever before. Even though the Germans have been annihilated in the war in



recent years, Feinberg is confident in the German population to pull through and fight to make Germany the most prominent nation in Europe.

Swen Kindler -

German farmer whose land is in question and currently is not ruled over by any government.

Wants Germany to succeed in fight for land and urges the nations to fight for protection of the precious German farmland. Swen is a supporter of the war and will continue to support as long as Germany continues to fight for the important farmland all about Germany, especially in areas like Central, South and Western Germany, to allow for German farmers to be able to continue to produce and make money to survive. Kindler also believes that a large asset to aid the German economy during reconstruction after the World War will be the agriculture industry of Germany, so long as the nation maintains as much farmland possible.

Tillmann Ribbeck -

Common German citizen who was always against the war. He is a pacifist that believes that in the current state Germany is in, there is no way they can continue to feasibly fight in the war. He believes the war is unnecessary and the Kaiser brought Deutschland into the war. The Kaiser is essentially the reason for all the German casualties and the reason for the Great War reaching the large scope that it reached. He blames the majority of the war on the lack of proper decision-making by the German leader; the war was meant to be solely between Austria-Hungary and Serbia.



Kevin Kleinmann -

German Naval Admiral who finds the most valuable part of German forces to be the fleet. Being the only nation to have advanced aquatic war technology such as U-Boats, the goal of Germany should be to claim as many port cities as possible and use the seaadvantageously to protect German land and the people's sovereignty. Kleinmann is a supporter of the Great War and desires for the war to elongate as long as it possibly takes for Germany to gain international respect and gain power over the most important port cities and other coastal plots of land in Europe.

Johannes Spiegelmann -

Common German citizen who feels that Germany needs to be reconstructed as soon as possible. He is devastated by the destruction in his town from constant raids by the Triple Entente and he wants his city to feel like home again. Although Johannes confides with the German ideology to fight to gain more land, he wants the war to come to an abrupt end and cease the destruction in his home land. His greatest fear about this war is the possibility of losing his loved ones. An armistice must be negotiated and agreed upon quickly.

Justin Noffke -

German aspiring politician who felt that the war involvement and losses could have been avoided. He believed that without the alliance between Germany and Austria-Hungary, Germany might have never fought in WWI and the war could have been much smaller in terms of overall scope and destruction. He is totally against the war continuing and wants it to end with a peaceful armistice, blaming most of the blame of the war on Germany's entangling alliance with the



Austria-Hungarians. Noffke would not feel remorseful if Germany ends up on the losing end, so long as the war is ended.

Felix Hirsch -

German immigrant trying to gain access into America since 1915. He sided with the Allied Powers and felt as though the Germans were wrong in being a dominant force in the Central Powers alliance. Although his morals aligned with those of the Americans, he had a difficult time entering America solely because he was German. All in all, Hirsch wants the war to end in peaceful armistice and hopes that even after all this conflict, Europe can recover and become a continent of equal balance of power among all nation-states. Not to mention the fact that the sooner the war ends, the sooner he will be able to become a legal citizen of the prosperous United States of America.

Theophilus Bethmann -

German soldier that was drafted in 1917 for war, only months after the United State's entrance into the European theater. Due to the fact that he got drafted, he has never felt intense passion for the cause which he is fighting for. He tries not to think about the war often while on duty as he only grows more remorseful when thinking about his past life as a traveling salesman. He was originally neutral about whether he supported the Central or Allied Powers; however, due to recent aggressive actions by France and Great Britain against innocent German townspeople, he slightly aligns himself with Central Power ideals. Overall he does not want the war to end, and prefers an



ending to this war where the Germans are on the winning side and the aggressive members of the Entente are served up a healthy serving of “humble pie”.

Olaf Krüger -

Famous German singer during World War I. He was known by German people all across the countryside. He uses his fame to sing about the war, and express his strong patriotism toward his nation. He loves his country and has always believed that Germany was a nation not respected by the international community. But that was before the war. Through the medium of song he glorifies battles and German soldiers and wants to use his musical talents to persuade all followers to support the German nation in its quest for respect all throughout the international community.

Rainer Höffner -

13 year old German child, who had to begin operating his family’s business in 1917 due to regular labor workers being drafted into the war. Once his father entered the war, Rainer had to step up to supply income for his family. Although he is young, for the first time he feels independent and purposeful now that he is operating a business. He is proud of himself, and his father for fighting for his country. Rainer believes the war is helpful in maturing himself and supports the idea of the war continuing. His family lives near the southern border of Germany; therefore, he urges for the mobilization of German forces toward the southern portion of the country to protect and fortify his hometown.

Brunhilde Fein -



German pregnant citizen who has just learned that her husband was brutally murdered in a French prisoner of war camp by French officials. She is heartbroken and bitter that the war has left her a young expecting widow. Enraged at the brutality of the violent French officials, Ms. Fein completely is for the war and stresses that her fellow Germans focus on fighting the merciless French forces who will be relentlessly attacking Germany without intention to accept a surrender from the southwest border of Germany. This area in particular needs to be heavily fortified, and the French must pay for their atrocities they have committed during this war.

Apfel Banane -

German Pacifist, who believes that violence is not the way to resolve conflict. She studied abroad in Paris, France as well as London, England where she gained many friends and she learned to appreciate the culture of these two nations. She does not believe in the ideology of having to implement war or physical conflict to solve disputes of any kind. She does not wish to have the war be continued and has been involved in several peaceful protests condemning the continuation of war. It is irrelevant who started this war, or who made the war grow to the scope it did, all we should focus on now is establishing an international cease-fire. France, Great Britain and the United States must accept the German's gracious offer for an armistice.

Ida Weinstein -

German common woman, who had to build the labor force while the men were fighting in the war. Ida, along with many other German women became the income suppliers for their families while their husbands and sons were off at war. These women had to stabilize their own employment to



make money as well as to support German economy. Due to her strong sense of empowerment, Ida would like the war to continue, as she has found value in contributing the German economy through labor and now feels more respected as a woman in Germany while the war is raging on. She hopes that the German government retracts their request for an armistice and that the war continues on until the Germans come out on top of this whole conflict.

Gisela Fehr -

German Widow, whose husband died in war. After all the devastation the war had caused her, and the people around her, she believes that violence is never the answer. She was against war of any kind, especially World War I. She would do anything in her power to end the Great War as fast as possible. She believes that the Allied Powers should immediately accept the German offer for a ceasefire, or even have the German nation surrender and take full blame for the extent to which the war grew to. She really does not care how this gets done, so long as the war ends and lives are spared.

Hängende Frucht -

Injured German citizen who cannot serve in the war. He fell off of a horse while riding along the German countryside and, due to his injury, is unable to serve in the war. He feels a lot of guilt, because his best friend Ben Janke is a soldier and Hängende wants to serve his country. His beliefs are aligned with the Central Powers. Although he himself cannot participate, Frucht feels nationalistically sympathetic and wants his country to thrive. Therefore he wishes for the war to



continue and allow Germany to get more opportunities to gain territory; specifically, on the east side of Germany near Lodz and Warsaw.

Ben Janke -

German Soldier who is a father of 6. He was drafted and he feels guilty, because he was forced to leave his family to fend for themselves. Since he was the income supplier, his wife and children have had to join the workforce in order to make ends meet. He hopes for the war to end as soon as possible, so that he can go back home to his family. He condones the idea of Germany accepting full responsibility of the war because it would really create a negative connotation of the nation of Germany around the world; however, he does agree with the idea of extending an olive branch to the allies in an attempt to form an armistice. Janke just hopes that the Triple Entente alliance will accept that olive branch.

Rolf Fassbender -

German factory owner who was struggling financially before the start of World War I. His company made ammunition and got a government contract to make infantry ammunition for the German soldiers. Now his company is booming financially and he is grateful for the war and all the economic benefits he has reaped. Rolf wishes for the war to elongate and make his business bigger and bigger every year. He greatly stresses that the war should continue its fight more prominently on land as Fassbender's sales to the government is primarily geared toward the ammunition for infantry weapons and not much toward the German navy. The more the German army continues its mobilization of ground troops, the more profit Rolf will gain.



Pia Herig -

German nurse who completed her nursing degree in 1913. She has been treating injured soldiers throughout the whole war and is happy to make a difference and save lives of the brave soldiers. She feels pride in her country and she is influenced by nationality to support Germany during the war. Of course, she wishes for the war to continue as long as possible so that she continues to have her own sense of importance day in and day out in German war camps. However, Pia will respect if an armistice is accepted by the Triple Entente as war is an endeavor that costs lives. The German's must not accept any formal treaty agreement in which the nation of Germany takes responsibility for the war however, as it would be disgraceful for Germany.

Paulina Gebhardt -

Young German woman, whose love has been drafted into the war. She is anxious and scared for her lover's safety. She is apprehensive about World War I and she dreads the danger that the war is creating in others lives. Strongly opposes the war as a whole and wants it to end right now. Urges fellow countries to accept the German request for a ceasefire so that no more blood shall be shed. Believes that country boundaries should remain the exact same as when the war started, but does recognize that the Allied forces may desire some German land, and proposes appeasing the Allies by giving all countries plots of land on the very outskirts of Germany. German government should do anything possible for the Allies to accept the armistice and, henceforth, end the war.

Aayden Treitschke -



CEO of Germany's very own Apfelstrudel. Business was off the charts just before the Great War had hit. Once Germany had declared war on Austria-Hungary in 1914, Germany's economy dramatically collapsed, and Aayden's apfelstrudel company gradually lost profits as citizens lost desire for the delicacy of apple strudel during the war. Aayden despises the war wholeheartedly as a businessman and wishes for the war to end as soon as possible. He has no opinion whether the war ends with an armistice or a German surrender, he just wants the war to end so his business can possibly bounce back.

Fabio Hegeler -

Fabio felt compelled to volunteer his service to fight in the war on Germany's side under a nationalistic influence. He started out the war with his spirit guns blazing, but, after seeing all of the atrocities of war, has began to feel anti-sentiment toward the war. Fabio feels obligated to continue fighting as he signed up with the intention to win the war; however, he's exhausted and secretly wants the war to end as fast as possible. Although he does want the war to end, he prefers Germany to be on the winning side. He believes that Germany is capable of fighting and continuing the war, so long as all of the citizens of Germany mobilize and maintain high levels of patriotism and morale.

Aaron Pelzer -

Father of two sons who are soldiers in the war. Although he does not fully align with Central Power ideals, he thinks that his sons are brave in fighting for their country and he respects and supports their efforts to great length. Even with this in mind, he doesn't want his sons to be in



anymore danger and wants the war to end immediately. He does not have a strong sense of patriotism toward his country as he believes this war is solely the fault of the Germans, who always planned to use this platform of war to upset the balance of power in Europe. Armistice or surrender, the war must end immediately and the German forces must do whatever possible to convince France and Great Britain to accept their invitation to end the war.

Martha Beck -

German chemist who helped with the formation of mustard gas. Martha later opposed the idea of mustard gas utilization on others, seeing the harmful effects it inflicts on the lungs and how it drastically irritates the eyes and skin. Martha has gained lots of profit due to her contributions to the development of mustard gas, and the profits will only continue as the war continues. For this reason, she believes that the war should continue and German forces should especially be mobilized on land. This way, her mustard gas can effectively be utilized and directly contribute to Germany winning the first World War and being respected by the international community.

Erika Koehne -

German physicist involved in forming artillery for the German troops. She is very nationalistic and has always wanted what's best for the country. She is a loyal German supporter as she truly desires for the war to continue and looks for Germany to flourish in the international community. German forces must protect the nation's borders and seas from allied bombardments, then slowly but surely expand the border of Germany. This plan, however, requires undevoted support of the war by all German citizens.